Citrus Storm

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Issue date: 9/20/2018 Revision date: 10/22/2025 Supersedes: 10/22/2025

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Citrus Storm
Product code : 155-4017

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Degreasing deodorant.

1.4. Supplier's details

American Cleaning Solutions
39-30 Review Avenue
Long Island City, NY, 11101
T (718) 392-8080

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor
P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
(+)-limonene	CAS-No.: 5989-27-5	30 – 50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317
butyl glycolether	CAS-No.: 111-76-2	10 – 20	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (Surfactant)	CAS-No.: 127087-87-0	5 – 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (Surfactant)	CAS-No.: 68603-42-9	3.332 – 3.3796	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
2-aminoethanol	CAS-No.: 141-43-5	1 – 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Diethanolamine (Surfactant, Corrosion Inhibitor)	CAS-No.: 111-42-2	1.0472 – 1.0948	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 2, H373

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs:

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No additional information available

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

Environmental precautions : Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Avoid breathing dust/mist/spray.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)
ACGIH OEL TWA	20 ppm (2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	2-Butoxyethanol
OSHA PEL TWA	240 mg/m³
	50 ppm

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethanolamine
ACGIH OEL TWA	3 ppm
ACGIH OEL STEL	6 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethanolamine

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
OSHA PEL TWA	6 mg/m³
	3 ppm

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction and vapor)

8.2. Appropiate engineering controls

No additional information available

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection protective gloves

Eye protection:
Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
Wear appropriate mask

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

Other information:
Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Color	:	orange
Odor	:	Citrus fruits
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	9.5 – 10.5
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	212 – 220 °F
Flash point	:	≥ 145 °F
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	Same as water
Relative density	:	0.93
Solubility	:	Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosion limits	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Likely routes of exposure

Acute toxicity (oral)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	:	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	:	Not classified

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 423: Acute Oral Toxicity – Acute Toxic Class Method, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Read-across, Dermal, 7 day(s))

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2.17 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 2.35 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	450 – 486 ppm/4h 450-486,Rat

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	435 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	450 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.17 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.17 mg/l/4h

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LD50 oral rat	1515 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	2504 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 week(s), Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	1515 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2504 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
LD50 oral rat	1890 mg/kg body weight (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 oral	657 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral)
ATE US (oral)	1890 mg/kg body weight

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1600 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	1600 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
pH: 9.5 – 10.5

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
pH	4 (5 %)

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
pH	12.1 (100 g/l)

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
pH	6.3 (1 %)

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
pH	9 – 11 (10 %)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
pH	11 (53 g/l)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
pH: 9.5 – 10.5

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
pH	4 (5 %)

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
pH	12.1 (100 g/l)

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
pH	6.3 (1 %)

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
pH	9 – 11 (10 %)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
pH	11 (53 g/l)

Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
STOT-single exposure : Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	1 mm²/s (25 °C)

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Viscosity, kinematic	3.659 mm²/s

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	23.5 mm²/s (20 °C, EN ISO 3104: Capillary viscometer)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Viscosity, kinematic	357.967 mm²/s

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute) : Not classified

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long–term (chronic) : Not classified

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	720 µg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.307 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 algae	0.32 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	349 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Cyprinus carpio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	65 mg/l (EU Method C.2, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	2.8 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	11.6 mg/l (48 h, Oryzias latipes, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	14 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Static renewal, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	12 mg/l (Selenastrum capricornutum, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	4 mg/l (96 h, Brachydanio rerio, Semi-static system)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2.39 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia pulex)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	2.2 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Scenedesmus subspicatus)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	460 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	30.1 – 89.9 mg/l (ASTM E729-80, 48 h, Ceriodaphnia dubia, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	9.5 mg/l (EPA 600/9-78-018, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Citrus Storm	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
ThOD	3.29 g O_2/g substance

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water, Biodegradable in the soil, Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.2 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.305 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O_2/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.32

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water, Biodegradable in water.

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.22 g O_2/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.52 g O_2/g substance
ThOD	2.13 g O_2/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Citrus Storm	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
BCF - Fish [1]	864.8 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Pisces, QSAR, Fresh weight)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.38 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 117, 37 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Potential for bioaccumulation (4 ≤ Log Kow ≤ 5).

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
BCF - Other aquatic organisms [1]	2.3 – 9.2 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	7.6 – 12.4 l/kg (6 week(s), Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	5.67 (Practical experience/observation, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Low potential for bioaccumulation (molecular mass >=700 g/mol).

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.52 (Calculated)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
BCF - Fish [1]	3.162 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value, Fresh weight)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-2.18 – -1.43 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.049 – 3.801 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	0.027 N/m (25 °C)

2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.16 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.631 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value)
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Low potential for adsorption in soil.

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.98 – 1 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not classified
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Ecological information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not regulated

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not regulated

TDG
Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not regulated

IMDG
Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not regulated

IATA
Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not regulated

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not regulated
Packing group (TDG) : Not regulated
Packing group (IMDG) : Not regulated
Packing group (IATA) : Not regulated

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT
Not regulated

TDG
Not regulated

IMDG
Not regulated

IATA
Not regulated

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
(+)-limonene	5989-27-5	Present	Active	
butyl glycolether	111-76-2	Present	Active	
2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	Present	Active	
Nonylphenol Ethoxylate	127087-87-0	Present	Active	XU
N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides	68603-42-9	Present	Active	
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	Present	Active	

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

(+)-limonene (5989-27-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nonylphenol Ethoxylate (127087-87-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. State regulations

N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)coco amides (68603-42-9)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No		

Diethanolamine (111-42-2)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No		

SECTION 16 Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Revision date : 10/22/2025
Issue date : 9/20/2018
Other information : None.

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Hazard Rating
Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F but below 200 F. (Classes II IIIA)
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.
Personal protection : B - Safety glasses, Gloves

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.