

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations  
Revision date: 04/15/2015

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper  
Product code : 155-33605

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Floor strip products

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

American Cleaning Solutions  
39-30 Review Avenue  
Long Island City, NY 11101  
T (718) 392-8080

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : INFOTRAC: 800-535-5053

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Corr. 1A H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger  
Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust/mist/spray  
P264 - Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection  
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor  
P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations

#### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
butyl glycoether	(CAS No) 111-76-2	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Disodium metasilicate	(CAS No) 6834-92-0	1 - 5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 STOT SE 3, H335
Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions	(CAS No) 1310-58-3	1 - 5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Corr. 1A, H314
2-aminoethanol	(CAS No) 141-43-5	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Ammonium Hydroxide, aqueous solution, conc=25%	(CAS No) 1336-21-6	1 - 5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : corrosive vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe dust/mist/spray. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)		
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
butyl glycoether (111-76-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm (2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE); USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	3 ppm (Ethanolamine; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	6 ppm (Ethanolamine; USA; Short time value; TLV - Adopted Value)
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Irridescent Green

Odor : ammonia odor

Odor threshold : No data available

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

pH	: 13
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 212 - 220 °F
Flash point	: ≥ 200 °F
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.03
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: Same as water
Solubility	: Soluble in water. Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture : • : > 18 g/100ml • : • : • : • :
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : corrosive vapors.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Not established.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : corrosive vapors.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

<b>Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)</b>	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Read-across; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
<b>Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=&lt;conc&lt;50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	273 mg/kg (Rat)
ATE US (oral)	273.000 mg/kg body weight
<b>butyl glycoether (111-76-2)</b>	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<b>butyl glycoether (111-76-2)</b>	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	2.17 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value; 2.35 mg/l/4h; Rat; Experimental value)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450 - 486 ppm/4h 450-486,Rat
ATE US (dermal)	435.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	450.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	2.170 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	2.170 mg/l/4h
<b>2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	1720 mg/kg (Rat)
LD50 dermal rabbit	1018 mg/kg (Rabbit)
ATE US (oral)	1720.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1018.000 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 13
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: 13
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified

<b>butyl glycoether (111-76-2)</b>	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

<b>Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	210 mg/l (LC50; Equivalent or similar to OECD 203; 96 h; Brachydanio rerio; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)
Threshold limit algae 1	207 mg/l (EC50; DIN 38412-9; 72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus; Fresh water)
<b>Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=&lt;conc&lt;50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</b>	
LC50 fish 2	80 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)
<b>2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	150 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 Daphnia 1	140 mg/l (EC50; 24 h)
Threshold limit algae 2	35 mg/l (EC50; 72 h)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
<b>Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<b>Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)</b>	
ThOD	Not applicable
<b>Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=&lt;conc&lt;50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the components available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
<b>butyl glycolether (111-76-2)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.20 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.305 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31
<b>2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.80 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.32
<b>Ammonium Hydroxide, aqueous solution, conc=25% (1336-21-6)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. No (test)data on mobility of the components available. Ozonation in the air.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
<b>Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable. Not established.
<b>Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=&lt;conc&lt;50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
<b>butyl glycolether (111-76-2)</b>	
Log Pow	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
<b>2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)</b>	
Log Pow	-1.91
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.
<b>Ammonium Hydroxide, aqueous solution, conc=25% (1336-21-6)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>butyl glycolether (111-76-2)</b>	
Surface tension	0.027 N/m (25 °C)
<b>2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)</b>	
Surface tension	0.050 N/m

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming	: No known ecological damage caused by this product.
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

- Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
- Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : NA1760 Compounds, cleaning liquid (Contains Potassium Hydroxide), 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : NA1760

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compounds, cleaning liquid  
Contains Potassium Hydroxide

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Symbols : D - Proper shipping name for domestic use only, or to and from Canada, G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.  
IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.  
N37 - This material may be shipped in an integrally-lined fiber drum (1G) which meets the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter, the requirements of part 178 of this subchapter at the packing group assigned for the material and to any other special provisions of column 7 of the 172.101 table.  
T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)  
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where:  $t_r$  is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport,  $t_f$  is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and  $a$  is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling ( $t_f$ ) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation ( $t_r$ ) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where:  $d_{15}$  and  $d_{50}$  are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.  
TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Other information : No supplementary information available.

# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### TDG

No additional information available

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### Potassium Hydroxide, 45%=<conc<50%, aqueous solutions (1310-58-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Not listed on the United States SARA Section 313

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
--	---------

#### butyl glycoether (111-76-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### 2-aminoethanol (141-43-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

#### Ammonium Hydroxide, aqueous solution, conc=25% (1336-21-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on United States SARA Section 313

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	1000 lb
--	---------

### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

No additional information available

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

## SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 04/15/2015

Other information : None.



# Super Strip Ammoniated Stripper

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life

### HMIS III Rating

Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
Personal Protection	: B B - Safety glasses, Gloves

### SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*